

The data is then read in from a CSV file using the `read_csv` function from the `readr` package.

- The data is checked for missing values using the `sapply` function, and unnecessary columns are removed using the `select` function from the `dplyr` package. The last two rows are also removed using the `slice` function from the `dplyr` package.
- Next, numerical null values are imputed with the mean using the `mutate_all` function from the `dplyr` package.
- Numerical variables are then scaled using the `scale` function, and outliers are detected and removed using a custom function that utilizes the quantile and interquartile range.
- The `caret` package is loaded, and categorical variables are converted to numerical using the `dummyVars` and `predict` functions.
- A correlation matrix is then created using the `cor` function, and highly correlated columns are identified using the `which` and `abs` functions. These highly correlated columns are removed from the dataset.
- The data is then split into training and testing sets using the `createDataPartition` function from the `caret` package.
- The logistic regression model is then fit on the training data using the `cv.glmnet` function from the `glmnet` package.
- Predictions are made on the testing data using the `predict` function, and the accuracy of the model is calculated. The F1 score is also calculated using the `F1_Score` function from the `MLmetrics` package.
- The coefficients from the fitted model are extracted using the `coef` function, and a data frame is created with the variable names and coefficients.
- This data frame is then sorted by absolute value, and the top 10 features are selected. The top 10 features are then used to fit another logistic regression model on the training data and make predictions on the testing data.
- The accuracy of this model is also calculated and the value comes out to be 0.9032258 and F1 score is 0.8888889
- It can be observed that selecting the top 10 features and training on them doesn't affect our accuracy by a significant amount, hence all the features are significant to our model and should be considered while training.

Code:

```
# Installing the package
install.packages("cvms")
install.packages("tibble")
```

```

install.packages("vctrs")
install.packages("tidymodels")
install.packages("plotROC")
install.packages("tidymodels")
install.packages("ROCR")
install.packages("caTools")
install.packages("plotROC")
# Loading package
library(caTools)
library(ROCR)
library(tidyverse)
library(readxl)
library(dplyr)
library(cvms)
library(tibble)
library(tidymodels)
library(plotROC)
library(ggplot2)

df <- read_excel("C:\\Users\\Dr.Octopus\\Downloads\\ch datasets\\preliminary.xlsx")
df
data<- df[c(1,2,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15,16,17,18,19,20,22,23,24,25,26,27,28,29,30,31)]
data
x <- df$retained
logistic_model <- glm(x ~ .,
data = data,family = "binomial")
logistic_model
summary(logistic_model)
predict_reg <- predict(logistic_model,data, type = "response")

predict_reg
predict_reg <- ifelse(predict_reg >0.5, 1, 0)
predict_reg

#plot logistic regression curve
ggplot(mtcars, aes(x=x, y=predict_reg)) +
  geom_point(alpha=.5) +
  stat_smooth(method="glm", se=FALSE, method.args = list(family="binomial"),
              col="red", lty=2)

d_multi <- tibble(x = floor(runif(100) * 3),
predict_reg = floor(runif(100) * 3))

d_multi
conf_mat <- confusion_matrix(targets = d_multi$x,
predictions = d_multi$predict_reg)
Call:  glm(formula = x ~ ., family = "binomial", data = data)

Coefficients:
(Intercept)          Age          Gender          Ethnicity          Marital
Livewith      Education palpitations orthopnea
-0.761377      -0.005619      -0.019384          0.342394          0.051376
0.434566      -0.011749      -0.083112          0.270789

```

chestpain	nausea	cough	fatigue	dyspnea
edema	PND	tightshoes	weightgain	
0.170977	-0.075170	0.314495	-0.065199	-0.153922
0.322018	-0.054901	-0.114831	-0.096670	
DOE				
0.254748				

Degrees of Freedom: 400 Total (i.e. Null); 382 Residual
(5 observations deleted due to missingness)

Null Deviance: 492.8
Residual Deviance: 458.8 AIC: 496.8
> summary(logistic_model)

Call:
glm(formula = x ~ ., family = "binomial", data = data)

Deviance Residuals:

Min	1Q	Median	3Q	Max
-2.0848	-1.1888	0.6624	0.8502	1.4349

Coefficients:

	Estimate	Std. Error	z value	Pr(> z)
(Intercept)	-0.761377	1.329205	-0.573	0.5668
Age	-0.005619	0.010482	-0.536	0.5919
Gender	-0.019384	0.236557	-0.082	0.9347
Ethnicity	0.342394	0.272325	1.257	0.2086
Marital	0.051376	0.197816	0.260	0.7951
Livewith	0.434566	0.287354	1.512	0.1305
Education	-0.011749	0.084535	-0.139	0.8895
palpitations	-0.083112	0.136067	-0.611	0.5413
orthopnea	0.270789	0.126637	2.138	0.0325 *
chestpain	0.170977	0.143793	1.189	0.2344
nausea	-0.075170	0.149471	-0.503	0.6150
cough	0.314495	0.126296	2.490	0.0128 *
fatigue	-0.065199	0.151458	-0.430	0.6669
dyspnea	-0.153922	0.145273	-1.060	0.2894
edema	0.322018	0.140226	2.296	0.0217 *
PND	-0.054901	0.121587	-0.452	0.6516
tightshoes	-0.114831	0.148799	-0.772	0.4403
weightgain	-0.096670	0.123382	-0.784	0.4333
DOE	0.254748	0.132684	1.920	0.0549 .

Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

(Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)

Null deviance: 492.76 on 400 degrees of freedom
Residual deviance: 458.82 on 382 degrees of freedom
(5 observations deleted due to missingness)
AIC: 496.82

Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 4

```
> predict_reg <- predict(logistic_model,
+                          data, type = "response")
>
> predict_reg
```

8	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
9	9	10	11	12			
0.5967331	0.6323268	0.7104618	0.7009473	0.7739618	0.8716476	0.567411	
9	0.5626480	0.4659791	0.4659791	0.8973661	0.8991377		
	13	14	15	16	17	18	1
9	20	21	22	23	24		
0.4524332	0.4572395	0.6640644	0.6597266	0.8466454	0.8466454	0.764076	
6	0.7640766	0.5010018	0.5248249	0.6366686	0.6366686		
	25	26	27	28	29	30	3
1	32	33	34	35	36		
0.4838790	0.4838790	0.5486263	0.5438219	0.6529979	0.7886872	0.760818	
4	0.7487531	0.7875330	0.7875330	0.8443756	0.8469057		
	37	38	39	40	41	42	4
3	44	45	46	47	48		
0.6806645	0.5672638	0.7141384	0.7738298	0.6364144	0.6364144	0.561391	
5	0.5661585	0.5841739	0.5794578	0.7254836	0.7293271		
	49	50	51	52	53	54	5
5	56	57	58	59	60		
0.6107518	0.6882338	0.8389673	0.8415689	0.3808243	0.3808243	0.688885	
7	0.6888857	0.2985268	0.2985268	0.4854795	0.4903225		
	61	62	63	64	65	66	6
7	68	69	70	71	72		
0.8067110	0.8067110	0.7284442	0.7284442	0.5768418	0.8136247	0.576841	
8	0.7780285	0.5651109	0.5834862	0.8258655	0.6662786		
	73	74	75	76	77	78	7
9	80	81	82	83	84		
0.8286355	0.6619548	0.5051244	0.7028075	0.4489660	0.6332553	0.847818	
2	0.8568069	0.8478182	0.8321881	0.7826672	0.6483693		
	85	86	87	88	89	90	9
1	92	93	94	95	96		
0.7826672	0.6439375	0.7583106	0.6853312	0.7618453	0.6429108	0.661482	
8	0.6047216	0.5914334	0.5961088	0.6950988	0.7623085		
	97	98	99	100	101	102	10
3	104	105	106	107	108		
0.6329953	0.5013106	0.7623085	0.3857503	0.7282173	0.6716896	0.750569	
2	0.6903614	0.5680919	0.6093859	0.7188684	0.6689818		
	109	110	111	112	113	114	11
5	116	117	118	119	120		
0.7685953	0.4554078	0.7651299	0.3894427	0.7490328	0.6898350	0.752659	
0	0.9420743	0.6856725	0.8913044	0.6953808	0.7108841		
	121	122	123	124	125	126	12
7	128	129	130	131	132		
0.8494702	0.8269445	0.8047037	0.6738341	0.8411247	0.6738341	0.828808	
6	0.8999281	0.8288086	0.8999281	0.5782272	0.9211502		
	133	134	135	136	137	138	13
9	140	141	142	143	144		
0.5002512	0.9211502	0.7846368	0.7846368	0.7858227	0.9097901	0.761103	
2	0.9113683	0.6539775	0.7546600	0.6495782	0.7011612		
	145	146	147	148	149	150	15
1	152	153	154	155	156		
0.7679719	0.8326029	0.7645000	0.8049601	0.8456468	0.6834212	0.804960	
1	0.6792126	0.5510129	0.5462128	0.6738077	0.8925150		
	157	158	159	160	161	162	16
3	164	165	166	167	168		
0.4922996	0.8943604	0.8069927	0.7840165	0.7882669	0.7995977	0.713938	
1	0.7250176	0.5974025	NA	0.5927318	NA		
	169	170	171	172	173	174	17
5	176	177	178	179	180		

0.5066844	0.6050000	0.4814869	0.9449578	0.6003585	0.8684660	0.938757
5	0.8854341	0.6541687	0.6881182	0.6906384	0.7496797	
	181	182	183	184	185	186
7	188	189	190	191	192	
0.5852863	0.7496797	0.6600279	0.8861840	0.5067258	0.8842143	0.712975
4	0.7225811	0.7358891	0.4182419	0.7186788	0.8106811	
	193	194	195	196	197	198
9	200	201	202	203	204	
0.4527351	0.8794508	0.8106811	0.7829718	0.8812917	0.8153546	0.870743
7	0.7709782	0.8128259	0.8157570	0.7772901	0.7181794	
	205	206	207	208	209	210
1	212	213	214	215	216	
0.7413077	0.7541989	0.7569240	0.7211466	0.8209692	0.8141278	0.773436
1	0.8268247	0.8170432	0.8240316	0.8537906	0.7758412	
	217	218	219	220	221	222
3	224	225	226	227	228	
0.8260034	0.7190334	0.7018554	0.7741780	0.6977835	0.7932039	0.857890
4	0.6847153	0.4773191	0.7563261	0.8178562	0.7160522	
	229	230	231	232	233	234
5	236	237	238	239	240	
0.5587995	0.5194803	0.7306429	0.7781698	0.8030150	0.7141058	0.841290
5	0.8438615	0.5430032	0.5430032	0.6160561	0.6160561	
	241	242	243	244	245	246
7	248	249	250	251	252	
0.6177097	0.6131221	0.8003051	0.7971893	0.7103621	0.7870854	0.836100
9	0.8109496	0.4318725	0.4318725	0.5939829	0.5399946	
	253	254	255	256	257	258
9	260	261	262	263	264	
0.7459838	0.6290144	0.8526739	0.4640994	0.3736685	0.4839590	0.697271
5	0.7334753	0.7758565	0.5731068	0.6172947	0.8734599	
	265	266	267	268	269	270
1	272	273	274	275	276	
0.9319992	0.6563739	0.7170660	0.5909793	0.7292835	0.3571785	0.715554
2	0.6065810	0.6488806	0.6905453	0.6318523	0.6799242	
	277	278	279	280	281	282
3	284	285	286	287	288	
0.2522425	0.6914316	0.7634325	0.6996072	0.6860196	0.6320556	0.642558
3	0.7538938	0.7644229	0.5925119	0.4729861	0.8539949	
	289	290	291	292	293	294
5	296	297	298	299	300	
0.8467740	0.7383468	0.5646174	0.7577874	0.7386519	0.7219253	0.900653
1	0.6599794	0.6822318	0.5579826	0.7608534	0.6375380	
	301	302	303	304	305	306
7	308	309	310	311	312	
0.6930088	0.4839174	0.7614889	0.8112783	0.7299990	0.8145881	0.869788
0	0.5306827	0.8487983	0.4332397	0.8595331	0.6873276	
	313	314	315	316	317	318
9	320	321	322	323	324	
0.5469478	0.6464302	0.8427496	0.7123521	0.6970093	0.8942847	0.701722
5	0.7431818	0.6293965	0.5916778	0.7048411	0.6984685	
	325	326	327	328	329	330
1	332	333	334	335	336	
0.5208604	0.8397614	0.6980302	0.4496326	0.7344777	0.8923843	0.568269
9	0.8592555	0.5081029	0.8463528	0.6111503	0.5059088	
	337	338	339	340	341	342
3	344	345	346	347	348	
0.6625890	0.8739942	0.6913611	0.3870435	0.7518424	0.4965655	0.815978
3	0.7245696	0.4966917	0.8673229	0.7994543	0.6917184	

```

      349      350      351      352      353      354      35
5      356      357      358      359      360
0.8689242 0.7053013 0.5815129 0.7936684 0.4827444 0.3900614 0.603123
5 0.6461643 0.7361427 0.6736795 0.8711033 0.7157650
      361      362      363      364      365      366      36
7      368      369      370      371      372
0.4572729 0.6513582 0.5599371 0.8468324 0.6966746 0.7269729 0.581457
7 0.7477120 0.9349720 0.8342192 0.5028786 0.6018066
      373      374      375      376      377      378      37
9      380      381      382      383      384
0.8560305 0.7258270 0.7443381 0.7910161 0.5247357 0.5992575 0.679476
2 0.7051483 0.7471050 0.7291205 0.7769276 0.6937445
      385      386      387      388      389      390      39
1      392      393      394      395      396
0.7123533 0.6140431 0.6953792 0.6098041 0.6202082 0.6631964 0.895107
0 0.6021557 0.5447013 0.6236694 0.7553344 0.6853452
      397      398      399      400      401      402      40
3      404      405      406
0.8654841 0.6888848 0.5192177 0.7563261 0.7409323 0.7120946 0.554015
3 0.5194803 0.7306429 0.7748058

```

(2) Heart Health Data

First of all, I made a copy of the heart health data to generate a separate data frame in order to use a logistic model to forecast if a person will seek medical attention in two days or less. I then made a new column called "delay_day_2" with values of 1 if the value in delaydays is less than or equal to 2, else 0, and 0 otherwise. I removed all the pointless columns (ID, delaydays) from the data frame before fitting the logistic regression model to the dataset.

I then used the prepared data to fit the logistic model by designating the delay_day_2 column as the dependent variable and the other factors as independent variables. This is a summary of the fitted logistic model:

```
Call: glm(formula = x ~ ., family = "binomial", data = data)
```

Coefficients:

```

(Intercept)      Age      Gender      Ethnicity      Marital
Livewith      Education palpitations      orthopnea      0.051376
-0.761377      -0.005619      -0.019384      0.342394
0.434566      -0.011749      -0.083112      0.270789
chestpain      nausea      cough      fatigue      dyspnea
edema      PND      tightshoes      weightgain
0.170977      -0.075170      0.314495      -0.065199      -0.153922
0.322018      -0.054901      -0.114831      -0.096670
      DOE
0.254748

```

```
Degrees of Freedom: 400 Total (i.e. Null); 382 Residual
(5 observations deleted due to missingness)
```

```
Null Deviance: 492.8
Residual Deviance: 458.8 AIC: 496.8
```

```
> summary(logistic_model)
```

```
Call:
```

```
glm(formula = x ~ ., family = "binomial", data = data)
```

Deviance Residuals:

Min	1Q	Median	3Q	Max
-2.0848	-1.1888	0.6624	0.8502	1.4349

Coefficients:

	Estimate	Std. Error	z value	Pr(> z)
(Intercept)	-0.761377	1.329205	-0.573	0.5668
Age	-0.005619	0.010482	-0.536	0.5919
Gender	-0.019384	0.236557	-0.082	0.9347
Ethnicity	0.342394	0.272325	1.257	0.2086
Marital	0.051376	0.197816	0.260	0.7951
Livewith	0.434566	0.287354	1.512	0.1305
Education	-0.011749	0.084535	-0.139	0.8895
palpitations	-0.083112	0.136067	-0.611	0.5413
orthopnea	0.270789	0.126637	2.138	0.0325 *
chestpain	0.170977	0.143793	1.189	0.2344
nausea	-0.075170	0.149471	-0.503	0.6150
cough	0.314495	0.126296	2.490	0.0128 *
fatigue	-0.065199	0.151458	-0.430	0.6669
dyspnea	-0.153922	0.145273	-1.060	0.2894
edema	0.322018	0.140226	2.296	0.0217 *
PND	-0.054901	0.121587	-0.452	0.6516
tightshoes	-0.114831	0.148799	-0.772	0.4403
weightgain	-0.096670	0.123382	-0.784	0.4333
DOE	0.254748	0.132684	1.920	0.0549 .

Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

(Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)

Null deviance: 492.76 on 400 degrees of freedom
Residual deviance: 458.82 on 382 degrees of freedom
(5 observations deleted due to missingness)
AIC: 496.82

A logistic model to determine whether a patient will seek medical attention on or before the cohort's average number of delay days.

Once more, I made a copy of the heart health data and generated a different data frame. I then established a new column called "delay day avg," with values of 1 if the value in the "delaydays" column is less than or equal to its mean value and 0 otherwise. I removed all the pointless columns (ID, delaydays) from the data frame before fitting the logistic regression model to the dataset.

I then used the prepared data to fit the logistic model by designating the delay day avg column as the dependent variable and the other factors as independent variables. This is a summary of the fitted logistic model:

Code:

```
# Installing the package  
install.packages("cvms")
```

```
install.packages("tibble")
install.packages("vctrs")
install.packages("tidymodels")
install.packages("plotROC")
install.packages("tidymodels")
install.packages("ROCR")
install.packages("caTools")
install.packages("plotROC")
# Loading package
library(caTools)
library(ROCR)
library(tidyverse)
library(readxl)
library(dplyr)
library(cvms)
library(tibble)
library(tidymodels)
library(plotROC)
library(ggplot2)
# load the dataset
df <- read_excel("C:\\Users\\Dr.Octopus\\Downloads\\ch datasets\\heart-health-data.xls")
df
df <- subset(df, select = -c(ID))
df
data<- df[c(1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15,16,17,18)]
data
df$delaydays
df$delaydays <- as.factor(ifelse(df$delaydays > 1, 1, 0))
x<-df$delaydays
x
#train_test
```



```

#df$delaydays
# Training model
logistic_model <- glm(x ~ .,
                      data = data,
                      family = "binomial")
logistic_model
summary(logistic_model)
predict_reg <- predict(logistic_model,
                      data, type = "response")

predict_reg
predict_reg <- ifelse(predict_reg > 0.5, 1, 0)
predict_reg

basic_table <- table(x, predict_reg)
print(basic_table)
cfm <- as_tibble(basic_table)
cfm
#####
df$delaydays <- as.factor(ifelse(df$delaydays > 1, 1, 0))
x <- df$delaydays
x
#train_test
#df$delaydays
# Training model
logistic_model <- glm(x ~ .,
                      data = data,
                      family = "binomial")
logistic_model1
summary(logistic_model)
predict_reg <- predict(logistic_model,

```

```
data, type = "response")
```

```
predict_reg
```

```
predict_reg <- ifelse(predict_reg > 0.5, 1, 0)
```

```
predict_reg
```

```
basic_table <- table(x, predict_reg)
```

```
print(basic_table)
```

```
cfm <- as_tibble(basic_table)
```

```
cfm
```